

# Mode-Locked Laser Operation of Bulk Crystals and Epitaxially Grown Composites of Yb:KLu(WO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>



U. Griebner, S. Rivier, and V. Petrov  
Max-Born-Institute for Nonlinear Optics and Ultrafast Spectroscopy, 12489 Berlin, Germany



X. Mateos, A. Aznar, J. Massons, Jna. Gavaldà, R. Solé, M. Aguiló, and F. Díaz and  
Dept. Química Física i Inorgànica, Física i Cristal·lografia de Materials (FiCMA), Universitat Rovira i Virgili, 43005 Tarragona, Spain

## MOTIVATION

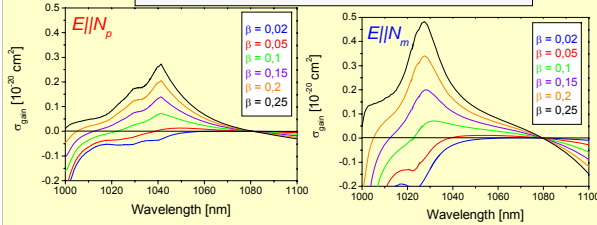
### Efficient femtosecond diode-pumped lasers

- Yb:KLu(WO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (KLuW) exhibits a very large absorption and emission cross section (exceeds 15 times that of Yb:YAG)
- Yb:KLu(WO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> has a very broad amplification bandwidth

Yb:KLuW and epitaxial Yb:KLuW layers hold great promise as new laser materials for ultrashort pulse diode-pumped laser systems

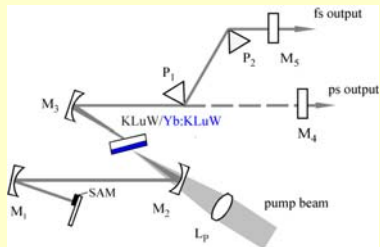
## SPECTROSCOPIC CHARACTERIZATION

### CALCULATED GAIN CROSS SECTION



$$\sigma_{\text{gain}} = \beta \sigma_{\text{em}} - (1 - \beta) \sigma_{\text{abs}} \quad \beta: \text{population inversion}$$

## CAVITY SETUP



- $L_p$ : focusing lens
- $P_1, P_2$ : SF10 prisms
- $M_1, M_3$ : folding mirrors
- $M_4, M_5$ : output couplers
- Pulse repetition frequency:  
 $f_{\text{rep}} = 100 \text{ MHz}$

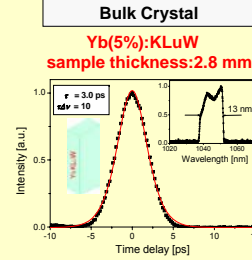
### Pump beam:

- Ti:sapphire (P=3W, tunable 960-1040 nm)
- Tapered Diode Laser (P=2W @ 980 nm) from Ferdinand-Braun-Institut

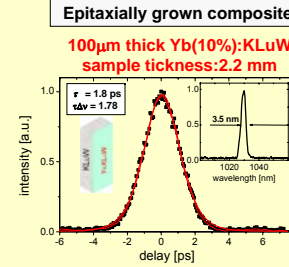
### SAM: Saturable Absorber Mirror from Ferdinand-Braun-Institut

- 10nm InGaAs thick quantum well structure with  $\approx 1\%$  saturable absorption
- Relaxation time measured by pump-probe technique is less than 5 ps

## PICOSECOND MODE-LOCKING

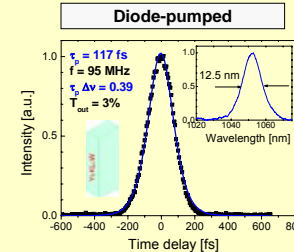
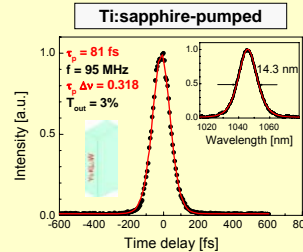


- No dispersion compensation



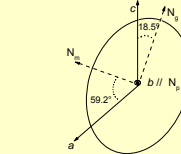
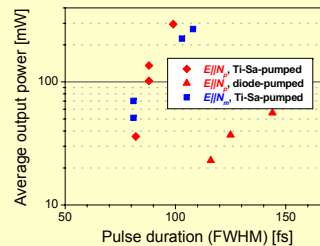
- Ti:sapphire-pumped

## FEMTOSECOND MODE-LOCKED BULK LASER



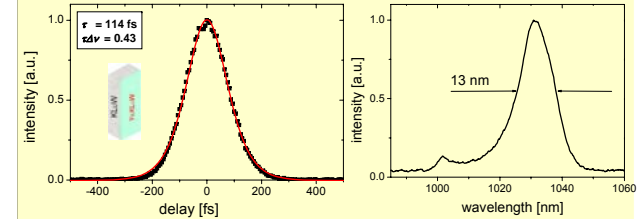
- Shortest pulse duration for a SAM mode-locked monoclinic double tungstate laser
- Central wavelength = 1046 nm and population inversion  $\beta \approx 0.08$
- Diode-pumped: lower beam quality and non-perfected match of the modes

## COMPARISON OF CRYSTAL ORIENTATIONS



No significant differences for  $E||N_p$  and  $E||N_m$

## FEMTOSECOND MODE-LOCKED EPITAXIAL LASER



Shortest pulse: 114 fs with 32 mW average output power

Central wavelength of 1030 nm with asymmetric spectrum and population inversion  $\beta > 0.2$

Composite structure with same crystal host: no parasitic reflection and birefringence effects.

Strongly reduced reabsorption (shorter wavelength) and higher population inversion compared to bulk – Shorter pulse are possible

Pulse shorter than 80 fs are expected with suitable dichroic mirror design

## SUMMARY

- First Yb:KLuW mode-locked oscillator
- No significant difference between crystal orientations  $E||N_m$  and  $E||N_p$
- Shortest pulse duration for a SAM mode-locked monoclinic double tungstate laser (81fs)
- Great potential of Yb-doped tungstate composite structures for mode-locked lasers:  
higher population inversion  $\rightarrow$   
potentially broader gain bandwidth and shorter pulses

## REFERENCES MODE-LOCKED Yb:KLuW

- Bulk laser** U. Griebner et al. *Optics Express* **13**, 3465 (2005)
- Epitaxial laser** S. Rivier et al. *Optics Letters* **28**, 2484 (2005)